Question		Mark Scheme	Marks
1(a)	(a) Able to state all the observations correctly Sample answer :		
	Metal	Observations	
	Copper	Glows faintly.	
		Black solid when hot and cold.	3
	Able to st	ate 2 of the above	
	Sample and Glows B	nswer:	2
	Glows. D	lack solid.	
	Able to st	ate any 1 of the above	
	Sample at	nswer:	1
	Glows // ]	Black solid	
	[No respo	onse given or wrong response]	0

Question	Mark	Scheme	Marks
1 (b)	Able to state <b>all the variables and</b> correctly Sample answer:	l actions to be taken	
	Variables	Actions to be taken	
	(i) Types of metals // Different types of metals // Magnesium, Aluminium, Zinc, Copper	(i) Use magnesium , aluminium, zinc and copper alternately. // Use magnesium then aluminium then zinc then copper	
	(ii) Brightness of the flame // Intensity of flame / glow	(ii) Observe the brightness/ glow / how vigorously	

	(iii) Amount of metal powder / potassium manganate(VII) solid	(iii) Use same amount /mass of metal powder // potassium manganate(VII) each reaction	
	[Able to state any 6 of the above	correctly ]	6
	[Able to state any 5 of the above	correctly ]	5
	[Able to state any 4 of the above	correctly ]	4
	[Able to state any 3 of the above	correctly ]	3
	[Able to state any 2 of the above	correctly ]	2
	[Able to state any 1 of the above	correctly ]	1
	[ [No response given or wrong re	sponse]	0
Question	Marks	scheme	Marks
1 (c)	Able to state the relationship betw and the responding variable <b>with</b> Sample answer:	een the manipulated variable <b>direction</b> correctly	
	The more reactive metal react more more reactive a metal is, the more oxygen	re vigorous with oxygen // The vigorous the metal burns in	3
	Able to state the relationship betw and the responding variable Sample answer:	veen the manipulated variable	
	Reactive metal react vigorously // vigorously // The more reactive m more reactive a metal is, the more	<pre>// Reactive metal burns etal react more vigorously // The vigorously the metal burns</pre>	2
	Able to state an idea of hypothesis	5	
	Sample answer:		
	Metals have different reactivity // burn in oxygen, so more reactive	Metals burn in oxygen // Metals	1
	[No response given or wrong response	se]	0

Question	Marks scheme	Marks
1 (d)	Able to state the function correctly Sample answer:	
	Prevent the metal powder from mixing with potassium manganate(VII) solid because this mixture will explode when	
	heated // Separate the metal powder from the potassium manganate(VII) solid because this mixture will explode when heated	3
	Able to state the function Sample answer:	
	Prevent the metal powder from mixing with potassium manganate(VII) solid // Separate the metal powder from the potassium manganate(VII) solid	2
	Able to give an idea of the function Sample answer:	
	Separate the metal powder / potassium manganate(VII) solid // Prevent the metal powder / potassium manganate(VII) solid from	
	mixing	1
	No response given or wrong response	0

Question	Mark Scheme	Marks
1(e)	Able to state the operational definition for the reactivity of metal powder with oxygen correctly Sample answer:	
	A metal that reacts more vigorously with oxygen is a more reactive metal.	3
	Able to state the operational definition for the reactivity of metal powder with oxygen Sample answer:	
	A metal reacts vigorously with oxygen	2

Able to give an idea of the operational definition for the reactivity of metal powder elements with oxygen Sample answer A metal is reactive // A metal react with oxygen	1
[No response given or wrong response]	0

Question	Marks scheme	Marks
1 (f)	Able to arrange the position of all metals in descending order of reactivity towards oxygen correctly	
	Magnesium/Mg, Aluminium/Al, Zinc / Zn, Copper/Cu	3
	Able to arrange the position of at least three metals in descending order of reactivity towards oxygen Sample answer:	
	Magnesium/Mg, Aluminium/Al, Zinc/Zn // Magnesium/Mg, Zinc/Zn, Copper / Cu // Aluminium/Al, Zinc/Zn, Copper / Cu	2
	Able to give an idea to arrange the metals Sample answer:	
	Magnesium/Mg, Copper/Cu Zinc/Zn // Aluminium/Al, Magnesium /Mg, Zinc/Zn	
	// Copper/ Cu, Zinc/Zn, Aluminium / Al, Magnesium/Mg	1
	No response given or wrong response	0

Question	Ν	Aark Scheme	Marks
1(g)(i)	Able to classify all the ions c		
	Sample answer		
	Cation	Anion	
	Hydrogen ion / H <sup>+</sup>	Hydroxide ion / OH <sup>-1</sup>	
	Copper(II) ion / Cu <sup>2+</sup>	Sulphate ion / SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	3
	Able to classify the ions less of Sample answer	accurately	2
	Cation	Anion	
	Hydrogen ion / H <sup>+</sup>	Hydroxide ion / OH <sup>-1</sup>	
	// Copper(II) ion / Cu <sup>2+</sup>	// Sulphate ion / $SO_4^{2-}$	
	Able to classify one ion		1
	No response or wrong respon	ase	0
1(g)(ii)	Able to record all the reading Sample answer	gs correctly to 2 dec .p	
	Voltage / V 2.70		3
	1.10		
	2.00		
	Able to record all the reading Sample answer	gs correctly to 1 dec.p	2
	Voltage / V		
	2.7		
	1.1		
	2.0		
	Able to record 2 readings cor	rectly	1

	No response or wrong response	0
1(g)(iii)	Able to arrange the metals in ascending order of tendency to lose electrons correctly Sample answer:	
	Copper,/ Cu, Zinc /Zn, Alumium/ Al, Magnesium/ Mg,	3
	Able to arrange 3 metals in ascending order of tendency to lose electrons Sample answer	
	Copper,/ Cu, Zinc /Zn, Alumium/ Al Zinc /Zn, Alumium/ Al, Magnesium/ Mg, Copper,/ Cu, Zinc /Zn, Alumium/ Al	2
	Able to arrange at least 2 the metals in order of tendency to lose electrons Sample answer	
	Copper,/ Cu, Alumium/ Al Zinc /Zn, Magnesium/ Mg, Copper,/ Cu, Zinc /Zn,	
	Magnesium/Mg, Aluminium/Al, Zinc/Zn, Copper, Cu	1
	No response or wrong response	0
1(g)(iv)	Able to predict the voltmeter reading with unit and 2 dec. place correctly Sample answer	
	1.70 V	3
	Able to predict the voltmeter reading less accurately/ with no unit Sample answer	
	1.7 // 1.70	2
	Able to have an idea to predict the voltmeter reading Sample answer	
	Between 1.1 to 1.65	1
	No response or wrong response	0

Question	Marks Scheme	Marks
2 (a)	Able to state the problem statement by relating to the following 2 information correctly:	
	<ol> <li>Role of water</li> <li>Properties of acid</li> <li>Sample answer</li> </ol>	
	Is water needed for an acid to show its acidic properties? // Does an acid need water to show its acidic properties?	3
	Able to state the aim of the experiment.	
	Sample answer	
	To investigate the role of water in showing the properties of acids. // Water has an effect for the properties of acids	2
	Able to give an idea of statement of the problem.	
	Sample answer:	
	To investigate the effect of water on acids // To investigate the properties of acids	1
	No response or wrong response.	0

Question	Marks Scheme	Marks
2(b)	Able to state all variables correctly:	
	Sample answer:	
	Manipulated variable: Types of solvents // Water and dry propanone	
	<i>Responding variable</i> : Properties of the acid tested // [any suitable observations: e.g. change in colour of blue litmus paper ]	
	<i>Fixed variable</i> : Type of acid // Ethanoic acid	
		3

Able to state <b>any two</b> variables correctly.	2
Able to state <b>any one</b> variable correctly.	1
No response or wrong response.	0

Question	Marks Scheme	Marks
2(c)	Able to state the relationship between the manipulated variable and the responding variable with direction correctly:	
	Sample answer:	
	Water is <b>needed</b> for an acid to show its acidic properties // An acid <b>will only</b> show its acidic properties when dissolve in water	3
	Able to state the relationship between the manipulated variable and the responding variable:	
	Sample answer:	2
	Water helps acids to show its acidic properties	
	Able to state an idea of hypothesis:	
	Sample answer:	
	Water affect the properties of acids.	1
	No response or wrong response.	0

Question	Marks Scheme	Marks
2(d)	Able to give a complete list of materials and apparatus:	
	Sample answer:	
	Apparatus: Test-tubes, droppers, test-tube rack	
	Materials: Glacial ethanoic acid, dry propanone, distilled water, blue litmus paper	3
	Able to give a list of materials and apparatus :	
	Sample answer:	
	Apparatus: Test-tubes, droppers	2
	Materials: Etanoic acid , propanone , water, blue litmus paper	
	Able to give a list of basic materials and apparatus	
	Apparatus: any suitable container	
	Materials: Ethanoic acid, propanone, water, litmus paper	1
	No response or wrong response.	0

Question	Marks Scheme	Marks
2(e)	Able to state the following 6 steps:	
	<ol> <li>[Label two test-tubes]</li> <li>[Use a dropper to put in the glacial ethanoic acid to each test-tube]</li> <li>[Add distilled water in one test-tube]</li> <li>[Add dry propanone in the other test-tube]</li> <li>[Put litmus paper]</li> <li>[Record your observation]</li> <li>Sample answer:         <ol> <li>Label two test-tubes as A and B and place in a test-tube rack.</li> <li>Put in 5cm<sup>3</sup> / a little of glacial ethanoic acid into each test-</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	3
	<ol> <li>Fut in Sem / a little of gracial ethanole acid into each test-tube using a dropper.</li> <li>Add 2 cm<sup>3</sup> / a little of distilled water in test-tube A</li> <li>Add 2 cm<sup>3</sup> / a little of dry propanone in test-tube</li> </ol>	

<ul><li>5. Put a dry blue litmus paper in both</li><li>6. Record any changes.</li></ul>	n test-tubes
Steps 2,3,4,5	2
Step 2,3, 5	1
No response or wrong response.	0

Question	Marks Scheme		Marks
2(f)	Able to exhibit the tabulation of data that includes the following four information.         1. Heading for the manipulated variables       test-tube // solvents         2. Examples of solvents //test-tube       water, dry propanone         3. Heading for responding variable       observation         Sample answer:       Sample answer:		
	Test-tube // solvents A // B // water // dry propanone	Observation	
	Able to exhibit the tabulation of data that includes the following two information.         Sample answer:         Test-tube // solvents         Observation		1
	No response or wrong response.		0

### END OF MARKING SCEME